2022

(FY)

Long-Term Vision and Fifth Mid-Term Management Plan (FY2019 - 2022) - Financial

Become an energy device company **Long-Term Vision** that continually creates new value

Mid-Term Management Policy

Based on the Mono-Koto Zukuri (product and service creation) concept,

GS Yuasa will engage in strategic activities

that lead to sustainable growth of both the lead-acid battery and lithium-ion battery businesses through creation of new value.

Mid-term management targets

Net sales	460.0 billion yen or more
Operating profit before amortization of goodwill	28.0 billion yen or more
ROE (return on equity)	8 % or more
Total payout ratio*1	30 % or more

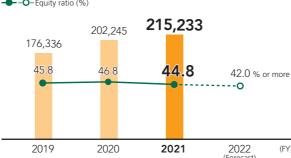
Note: The above indices are based on profit before amortization of goodwill (operating

profit and profit).
*1 The total payout ratio is before amortization of goodwill
*2 Interest-bearing debts (including lease obligations) / Operating cash flow

Key financial highlights

Total net assets before noncontrolling interests and equity ratio

Total net assets before noncontrolling interests (Millions of yen)



Although total net assets before noncontrolling interests increased year-on-year due to, among other things, an increase in foreign currency translation adjustment caused by the depreciation of the yen, the equity ratio declined due to an increase in total assets caused by a significant increase in inventories.

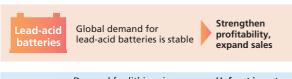
Total net assets and return on equity (ROE)* Total net assets (Millions of yen) ---- Return on equity (%) 249,938 234,570 205,318

Due to a decline in the equity ratio and a decrease in profit, ROE declined year-on-year.

2021

*4 ROE has been calculated based on profit before amortization of goodwill.

Key points



Demand for lithium-ion batteries for both automotive and industrial applications is expected to Upfront investment for growth

Establish business processes that incorporate CSR issues into our business strategy

Domestic lead price quote

LME

Exchange rate

Interest-bearing debt to cash flow ratio*

We aim to achieve sustainable business growth and contribute to the sustainable development of society

Initial forecast for

Less than **3** years

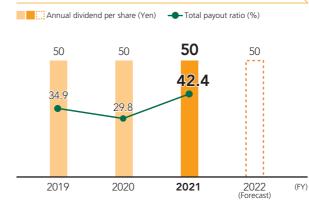
45 % or more

2,100 US\$/t

110 yen / US\$

 $300,000 \, \text{yen/t}$

Annual dividend per share and total payout ratio

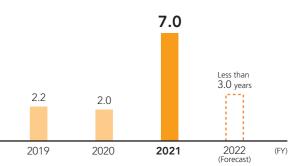


We have maintained a dividend of 50 yen per share, the same amount as the previous fiscal year, and the total payout ratio has increased compared to the previous fiscal year.

Interest-bearing debt to cash flow ratio

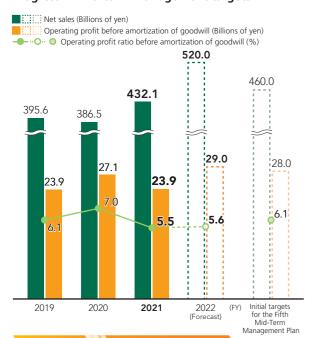
2020

2019



The operating cash flow remained at +12.9 billion yen due to an increase in inventories and sales receivables, and the interest-bearing debt to cash flow ratio worsened year-on-year.

Progress in mid-term management targets



Note: The Fifth Mid-Term Management Plan originally covered the period from fiscal 2019 to fiscal 2021. Due to the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, however we have excluded fiscal 2020 as a single-fiscal-year plan and changed the fifth plan to a four-year plan ending in fiscal 2022.

Factors for differences between the initial forecast for fiscal 2022 and the Fifth Mid-Term Management Plan target

Mid-term management

	largets	IISCAI ZUZZ
Net sales	460.0 billion yen or more	520.0 billion yen
Operating profit before amortization of goodwill	28.0 billion yen or more	29.0 billion yen
Factors for increase in sales and profit		
Factors for decrease in sales and increase in profit	Delivery completion of large-scale wind power (FY2020-2021)	lithium-ion batteries for a generation project

Changes in the market environment

	Mid-term management targets	Initial forecast for fiscal 2022*3
Domestic lead price quote	300,000 yen / t	341,000 yen / t
LME	2,100 US\$/t	2,300 US\$ / t
Exchange rate	110 yen / US\$	120 yen / US\$
Exchange rate	110 yen / US\$	120 yen / US\$

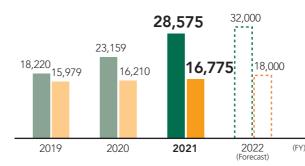
Future outlook

As for the results for fiscal 2022, the final fiscal year of the plan, we expect to achieve our initial targets for both net sales and profit. The forecast net sales of 520.0 billion ven and operating profit before amortization of goodwill of 29.0 billion yen are expected to be the highest ever.

*3 The initial forecast for fiscal 2022 is as of the announcement in May 2022.

Capital investment / Depreciation expenses*5



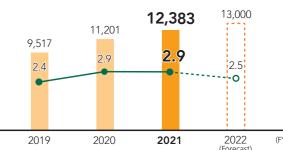


Investment associated with the construction of Blue Energy's second plant increased substantially, resulting in an increase in capital investment compared to the previous fiscal year

5 Aggregate only the amount of depreciation expenses related to tangible fixed

Research and development expense / Research and development expense ratio





Due to an increase in research and development expenses for automotive lithium-ion batteries, the research and development expenses increased by 1.2 billion ven year-on-year, and the research and development expense ratio to net sales was on par with the previous fiscal year.

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(%)

in lead-acid batteries

2021

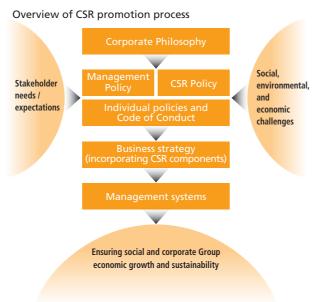
Long-Term Vision and Fifth Mid-Term Management Plan (FY2019 - 2022) - Non-Financial

Incorporating materiality (key CSR issues) into Group business strategy

To reflect CSR issues in our business strategy, the GS Yuasa Group analyzes and assesses the impact on business and the impact of our business on society and then clarifies the Group's materiality for items that need to be addressed. Regarding the specified materiality, as necessary we have set targets relating to our business strategy and, to achieve those targets, we have formulated concrete activity plans, the "materiality response plans," and key performance indicators (KPIs) to gauge progress in achieving the goals.

When incorporating materiality into business strategy, the CSR Committee formulates plans that will lead to enhanced stakeholder satisfaction through the strengthening of our corporate infrastructure and enhancement of corporate value.

The GS Yuasa Group aims for enhanced management of financial and non-financial operations, as well as for sustainable corporate and social growth, through the execution of business processes that incorporate materiality in the Mid-Term Management Plan.



About the ESG bulletin in this report

The GS Yuasa Group has incorporated the materiality response plans in its business strategy and set the ESG targets shown below in its Fifth Mid-Term

This report presents an overview of materiality items that are closely related to the Mid-Term Management Plan. Information about relevant details and other activities will be disclosed on the company's website

https://www.gs-yuasa.com/en/csr/

ESG (ar	gets included in the Fifth Mid-Terr	ii Management Flan and progress				
Category	CSR issues for sustainable growth	Main plan details and targets	Corresponding material issues	Page describir activity status		
	Environment Contribute to sustainability of the global environment					
Е	Development and global sales of environmentally considered products Reduction of environmental burden of business activities	 Group-wide CO₂ emission reduction target: 6.0% or more / 3 years Group-wide water use reduction target: 8.0% or more / 3 years Ratio of environmentally considered products to overall sales: 35.0% or more 	 Developing and popularizing environmentally considered products 	P.71		
			Promoting environmental protection Contribution to realization of low-carbon society Promotion of effective use of water resources	P.73 P.74		
	Social Respect for human rights and contribution to society					
S	Respect for human rights Enhancement of productivity and motivation through human resources development Enhancement of work environments and occupational health and safety Products and information sharing that is reassuring to consumers Contribution to the addressing of societal issues with CSR procurement and reduction of procurement risks	Enhance human rights education and human rights risk	Respect for individuality	P.76		
		management Nurture autonomous-minded human resources and establish groundwork for utilizing diverse human resources Promote measures to improve work-life balance Achieve group-wide quality improvement	Human resources development Respect for diversity	P.77		
			 Enhancement of work environments and occupational health and safety 	P.78		
			Provision of high-quality products	P.79		
			Responsible procurement promotion	P.80		
	Governance Promotion of fair, transparent, and swift group-wide governance					
G	 Respect for international norms and compliance with laws of respective countries 	Promote compliance education, preparation of legal information	 Thoroughly fulfilling our CSR and ensuring compliance 	P.96		
	 Protection of intellectual property Thorough management of confidential information 	 Contribute to elimination of counterfeit goods and bolster patent infringement prevention activities 	Respect and Protection for intellectual property	P.98		
	 Swift and appropriate management decision-making 	 Management that is mindful of the corporate governance code 	Strict management of confidential information	P.99		

Key non-financial highlights

Percentage of environmentally considered products in total sales of all products (global)





2020

The ratio increased substantially due to a rise in the use of

recycled lead in some overseas Group companies in China,

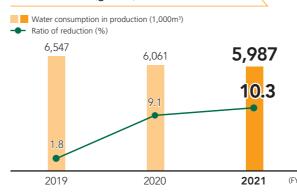
Ratio of recycled lead used as lead raw material

2019

We were able to steadily increase sales following recovery from the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic.

Water consumption in production and ratio

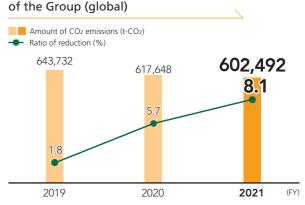
of reduction*1 (global)



The ratio of reduction increased as Group companies in both Japan and overseas continuously promoted the use of recycled water. *1 Compared with FY2018

CO₂ emissions and ratio of reduction*2

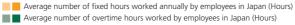
Turkey, Indonesia, and Thailand.

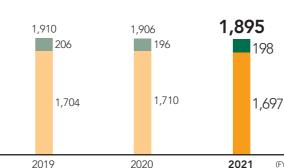


The ratio of reduction increased as a result of the promotion of Group-wide activities following the launch of the Energy Saving and Renewable Energy Project in fiscal 2021.

*2 Compared with FY2018

Annual working hours*3 (Japan)





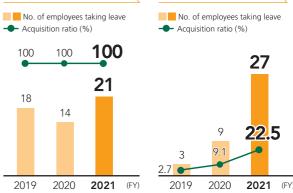
Monitoring of overtime by ordinary employees showed that there were no instances of excessive working hours in violation of labor agreements and that appropriate working-hours management was being implemented

*3 Employees do not include personnel on leave or those transferred to workplaces Period: January – December

Average number of fixed hours worked annually by employees in Japan

by employees in Japan

Women's rate of taking Men's rate of taking childcare leave childcare leave



We have actively provided information to employees, both men and women, to make use of childcare leave system, for example by conducting the Information Exchange Meetings for Work-childcare Balance. As a result, the rate of taking childcare leave for men increased substantially.

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